FRIDAY, *November* 26, 1784. THE [NUMB. 5]

COLUMBIAN HERALD;

OR

THE PATRIOTIC COURIER OF NORTH-AMERICA.

That the LIBERTY of the PRESS be inviolably preserved. CONSTITUTION OF SOUTH-CAROLINA.

PUBLISHED every TUESDAY and FRIDAY Mornings.

To the PUBLIC.

UNINFLUENCED and liberal principles in a News-Paper, are of so obvious a nature, that farther comments thereon would become superfluous, in order to enhance the value thereof, by pointing out the many advantages which the community at large cannot fail of deriving from so unbiassed a plan; and it is upon those principles that we have grounded the foundation of conducting the COLUMBIAN HERALD. From our extensive correspondence and connections, we flatter ourselves with obtaining the most recent occurences from abroad, and intelligence of no less interesting a nature; we shall spare no pains in procuring the most early knowlege of new discoveries in the sciences, useful acquisitions in the mechanic art, and the most choice of literary performances; we shall pay a particular attention and avail ourselves of every opportunity that may tend towards the promotion of trade, commerce and agriculture, (the most principal supporters of nations); in short, our chief aim will ever be to render our paper as worthy the public attention. as our desire is to merit their approbation.

The LIBERTY of the PRESS we shall support and maintain with that vigor which it is entitled to, by the rights of a Free and Independent Nation; but, we must at the same time beg leave to observe, that our Press shall never become the prostituted vehicle of individual abuse, personal infamy or slander, to sate the inveteracy of any man or party,—much less is it destined to throw out any insinuation which may tend to counteract the principles of the Revolution. *Political pieces* of a moderate length, dignified with truth, style and argument, free of meanness and low invective, calculated solely for the national good, and destitute of all party and personal scurrility, will be published in due succession and rotatory order,—be received with gratitude and free of cost.

These are our prospects,—these our views,—to which we mean strictly to adhere, for the performance thereof, and for which purpose our utmost endeavours shall be exerted. Should the opinion of the public (to whom we submit our whole design) conceive us unequal in the execution, we will still hope for their wonted indulgence;—if on the contrury, the form we have adopted proves satisfactory, we are persuaded their candid judgment will grant us their patronage and protection.

N. B. All controversies of a private nature, and in which the public hath no concern, are (if admitted) to be paid for before hand.

To be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION,

On WEDNESDAY,

The 8th of December next,

At Mr. Doharty's Sail Loft, in Wragg's-Alley,

The sale to commence precisely at 10 *o'clock, and continue from day to day until finished;*

ALL the effects of Mr. Timothy Kelly, deceased, consisting of a quantity of different articles, among them are, silks, sattens, pelongs; men, boys and children's hats, coarse and fine; a quantity of slops, coarse and fine shoes, coarse and fine linen, horse whips, pins, needles, sewing silk, twist, thread, shoemakers awls, wearing apparel, rum, sugar, and a number of other articles too tedious to enumerate. The conditions, cash before the property is altered, by order of the executor.

JACOB MILLIGAN.

ALL persons that the above *Timothy Kelly* is indebted to, are desired to call with their accounts, properly attested, to Mr. Patrick Doharty, in Wragg's-alley; and all persons indebted to the said Timothy Kelly, are desired to settle the same, on or before the 29th day of January next, otherwise they may depend on their accounts being put immediately in suit, without distinction. 4wi.

Charleston, Nov. 18.

To be CHARTERED,

THE SNOW TWO SISTERS, commanded by Capt. *Hall*, for any part of Europe or the West-Indies. For particulars enquire of the Capt. on board, or WM. THOMPSON.

No. 84, *Church-street.*

To be SOLD,

On FRRIDAY

The 17th December next,

By JOSEPH MYERS & Co.

At their VENDUE-STORE,

No. 7, *Gillon-Street;*

SUNDRY houshold and kitchen furniture, the property of the estate of Mr. John Kneeshaw, deceased, consisting of mahogany tables, chairs, bedsteads, &c. feather beds, matrasses, table and bed linen, glass and queen's ware, with sundry other articles; by order of the administrators to said estate. Conditions Cash.

On THURSDAY,

The 16th December, at 12 *o'CLOCK,*

WILL BE SOLD,

At our VENDUE STORE,

THAT valuable PLANTATION on *Four Holes*, about 40 miles from this city, containing six hundred and twenty acres, more or less, exceeding good for rice, corn and indigo; has good accommodations for reservoir dams,—in short, it is esteemed to be the best land in that neighbourhood. On the premises is a new wooden-house, with three rooms on a floor, a large new barn, corn, pea and negro houses, and as good a well of water as any in this state. Conditions, twelve months credit, giving bond with approved security, and interest from the date. Plat and titles of the above land may be seen at our store, any time before the day of sale.

PRIMEROSE, THOMSON, & Co.

ALEXANDER BETHUNE,

At his GROCERY, WINE & SPIRIT STORE,

No. 113, Broad-Street, *near the* Exchange,

Has for sale on the most reasonable terms, (for Cash *or* Produce *only) the following articles, viz.*

OLD Madeira and Port wines, by the pipe, half pipe, quarter cask or dozen,

Very old Hock, Rhenish, Malaga, Sherry and claret wines by the dozen,

Very old high proof Jamaica spirits and West-India rum, by the hogshead, quarter cask or gallon,

Old Geneva and Coniac brandy,

Best London porter by the hogshead, barrel or dozen,

Best double distilled white and red wine vinegar,

Rasberry and cherry brandy in pint bottles,

French liquors of different sorts in small and large bottles,

Capelaire, orgeat and syrup of lemon,

Hyson, green, souchong and bohea teas,

Single and double refined loaf sugar;

Muscovado and Havanna do.

Chocolate and coffee,

Fine Durham mustard, in quarter, half and pound bottles,

Black and Cayanne pepper, ginger, salt-petre, allspice, cloves, mace, cinnamon, nutmegs & saffron,

A variety of pickles consisting of anchovies, olives in pint and quart bottles; capers, gerkins, walnuts onions. cabbage, beans, melons and mangoes,

Florence oil in flasks, pint and quart bottles,

Table salt in baskets,

Pickled tripe and Philadelphia biscuit in small kegs,

Ketchup, India soy, lemon pickle, costatch and quince sauce,

Pearl, French and Scotch barley,

Split and whole pease,

Fine bloom and sun raisins,

Jordan and shell almonds,

Prunes and currants,

White and brown sugar candy,

Spanish liquorice,

Wax, spermaceti and tallow candles,

Starch, Castile and white soap,

Marcheal, brown, pink & fine cyprus hair powder,

Scented and plain do.

Hard and soft scented pomatum,

Wash-balls, shaving powder and Windsor soap,

Powder in boxes and bags, with down and silk puffs,

Essence of bergamot, musk, lemon, lavender and peppermint,

Milk of roses and royal liquid for the hair,

Bergamot and rose water,

Spirits of hartshorn and double distilled lavender water,

Turlington's balsam and aquebusade water,

Anderson's pills, powder bark and rhubarb,

Tooth powder and brushes,

Brown rappee, Scotch snuff and pigtail Tobacco,

Smoaking tobacco and long tobacco pipes pointed,

Gunpowder and shot of all sizes,

Bar lead in small pigs,

A neat assortment of glass, crockery and tin ware,

Copper and tin tea kettles,

Compleat table setts of Queen's-ware, plain and blue edged,

Brushes of all sorts, hair sieves of different sizes,

Best velvet long and short corks,

Mogul and Harry VIIIth's playing cards,

A few gross of best London ground watch chrystals.

N. B. Captains of vessels, or gentlemen going to sea, may be supplied with all kinds of sea stores of the best, and at the cheapest rate; likewise, orders from the country will be complied with at the shortest notice. tf.

LOTS

To be sold on a LEASE.

THIS DAY,

WILL BE SOLD on the spot,

At 11 *o'CLOCK,*

FOURTEEN valuable LOTS of LAND, belonging to the estate of Mr. Peter Boutiton, on a lease for eight years, situated on the west side of King-street, south side on Bonndary or Manigault-street, and on the east side on St. Philip's street, each lot containing 150 feet front on said streets, and 222 feet deep, more or less. The Lessees to have permission to remove any building they may erect thereon, at the end of the lease, or dispose of them at a proper appraisement, as may be most agreeable to the parties concerned. For further particulars apply to the subscribers, where a plan of the lots may be seen.

ALSO, 129 acres of good Land, at Hobcaw, Christ-Church Parish, bounded by the southward by Wakendaw creek.

CUDWORTH & WALLER.

N. B. Something comfortable for the stomach will be provided on the day of sale.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

JOSEPH MYERS & Co.

BROKERS, FACTORS and AUCTIONEERS,

At their Office, No. 1, *Broad-street,*

HAVE FOR SALE,

UNDOUBTED BILLS on AMSTERDAM,

A large assortment of DRY GOODS,

JAMAICA SPIRITS in hogsheads and barrels,

MUSCOVADO SUGAR in do. of the best quality.

The *Brokers, Factors* and *Auctioneers* business are still transacted by them in all their different branches. They return their friends and the public, thanks for the favors they have received from them, and hope, by their assiduity and punctuality, to deserve their future attention.

WANTED

To PURCHASE for CASH,

FROM One Hundred to One Hundred and Fifty Hogsheads of TOBACCO. Enquire for *Ambrose Neill*, No. 6, *Bedon's-Alley*; who has for sale choice MADEIRA and LISBON WINES, in quarter casks, which he will sell cheap for cash or rice; a parcel of excellent Gin, in cases containing 7½ gallons, or thereabouts. He also wants to freight for the West-Indies, a brig or schooner, to carry 200 barrels of rice and no more. 3p.

From the PENNSYLVANIA PACKET.

ALL governments is in some measure derived from God himself, who is the great Parent and Author of social order and harmony. But God never extends his mercy, and forgives a sinner, till he knocks at the door, acknowledges his transgressions, and sincerely repents.

Great states and empires, in their political systems, should endeavour as far as possible to imitate the Supreme Being, and act agreeable to his unerring views, in procuring and promoting the happiness of mankind, and establishing their rank in the important scale of nations: for it is by Divine goodness alone, that Kings reign and Princes decree justice.

It must be confessed on all sides, that considering how many *Quakers* and *disaffected* there are among us, (many, if not most of whom have done no material injury to our cause, in the course of the late war) that it would display a kind of public goodness, and add energy to our measures, to allow such persons to participate of the same common benefits of citizenship, which the rest of the community at present by law, have an exclusive right to enjoy.

There is undoubtedly a dignity and lenity in government, as well as in the Godhead. The din of arms has ceased—the war is over—the horrid crest of disaffection can no longer injure us—many allowances may now be given, and some indulgences made for such characters, as they live in the same land with us, and were deceived and misled by their great Idol—the Brute of Britain. As we have some prospect these persons may reform, and hereafter become good citizens, true policy and generosity dictates, that they should not be excommunicated and deprived of those superior privileges of which other men can boast. What good, or what satisfaction can result from seeing a number of men, like ourselves, yoked together, without the liberty of voting for their own representatives—sunk in the most abject, hopeless state of servitude and vassalage? The idea alone is horrid and insupportable.—In the language of the poet—"'Tis enough to draw iron tears from Pluto's cheeks."

At the same time I possess the most generous and friendly sentiments towards the unhappy non-conformists and delinquents, I conceive there is a sovereign respect which government owes itself, in dispensing its favors, and which it should on all occasions, never neglect to maintain and support. I think, in point of strictness, the tories have no right to a restitution of their lost privileges, because they were forfeited by their own negligence and folly. It is only from the goodness and generosity of government they can expect relief and remedy. The least therefore, the disaffected could do, is to apply to the legislature *themselves*. Let their petition be couched in respectful terms, acknowledging the errors they have found and perceived in their sentiments; let them earnestly implore and entreat the house of representatives to receive them in our bosom and favor. I believe no good or thoughtful whig, under such circumstances, would hesitate a moment to repeal the test law.

But the delinquents have not acted in this manner. They never petitioned the assembly in order to remove their disabilities. Their pride and obstinacy is too stiff and stubborn to permit them to apply themselves. Let them therefore suffer in the name of justice—they deserve to suffer till they shew some marks of submission and penitence.

It is evidently incompatible with the nature and dignity, and true interest of government, to restore the privileges of the disaffected, without they first solicit the favor, and in their application, shew a becoming regard for our revolution and representatives. Besides, this discontented party, after repealing the test act, would soon form a very considerable bank which might MIRE every point of the revolution, if not restrained in the first instance of FISHERING to some sense of submission.

As I have no political resentments;—as I sincerely wish the distinctions taken in the war, were obliterated and forgot, and that the non-conformists should share the same equal privileges with ourselves, I am persuaded, if they seek relief, in the line I have taken the liberty to suggest, they would not find themselves mistaken or disappointed. Forbid it virtue! Forbid it patriotism! Forbid it generosity!—Sweet child of Heaven! that in this country, sacred to liberty and its exalted name, we should ever have a class of men and fellow subjects, stript of their privileges and degraded from the rank of freemen, to the wretched condition of slaves! Hitherto oppression has never waved her gloomy banners among us,——our laws were as mild as mercy, and the goodness of Pennsylvania policy—like the sun—hath shone indiscriminately on the just as well as the unjust!

After all, if the non-conformists continue stubborn and refractory, and will not carve their own remedy, in applying to the assembly, I hope the house will not cast pearl before swine, in restoring immunities which were not solicited, and without which solicitation, these rights should never be granted.

A WHIG.

Philadelphia, October 28, 1784.

THE behaviour of the sheriff, inspector, and three of the judges of the first district in the county of Lancaster, has given just cause of alarm to the good people of that and every other county in the state. Non-jurors, boys, servants and foreigners are said to have been permitted to partake of the privileges of election equally with the free citizen.